

# Evolution of Safeguards and Nuclear Nonproliferation Technologies in Japanese Nuclear Fuel Cycle

Y.Kuno

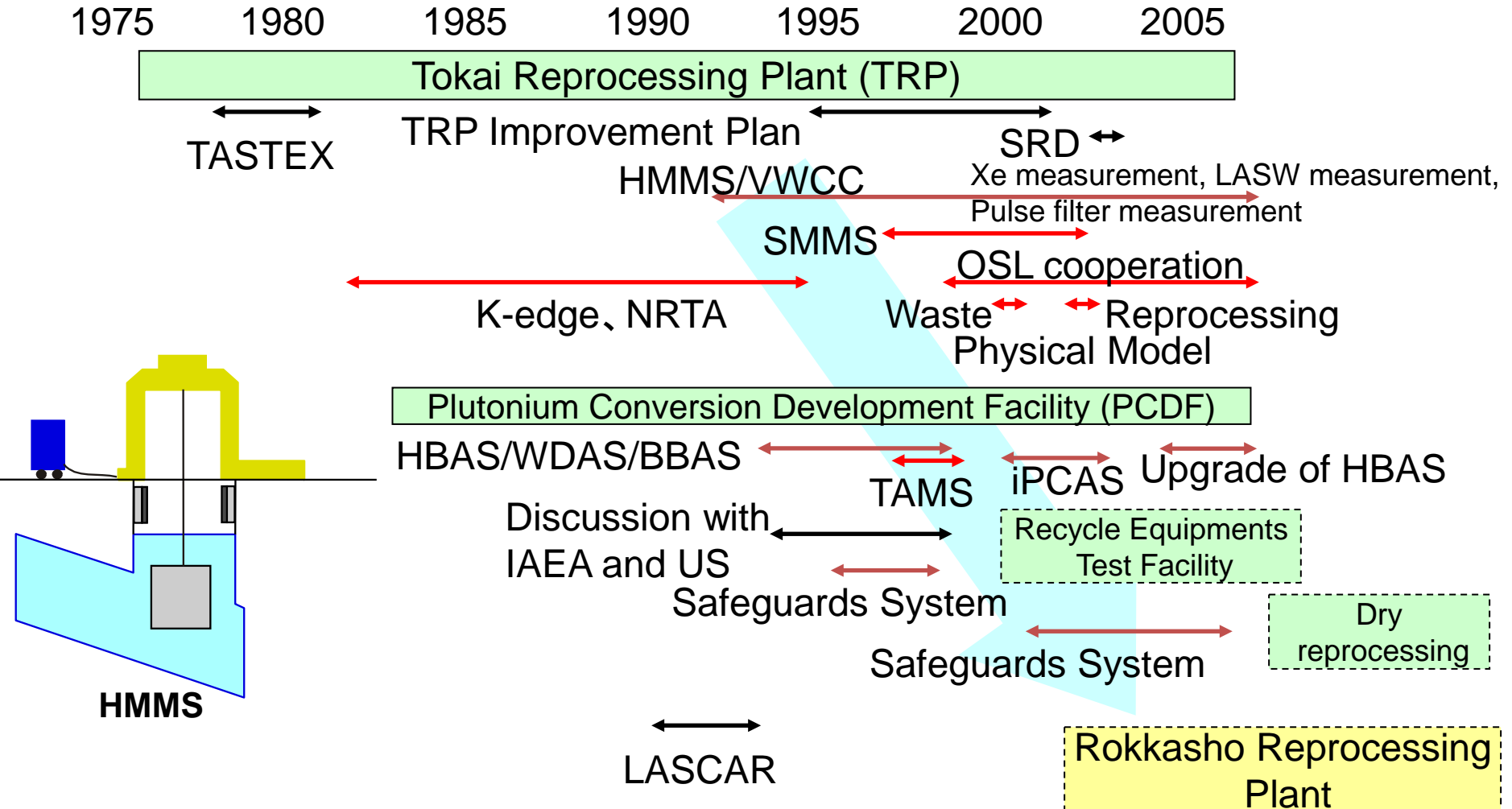
# External Events Resulting in Promotion of Safeguards Technologies Development for Nuclear Fuel Cycle

## 核燃料サイクルの保障措置技術開発推進に繋がった外的イベント

- **TASTEX** (Tokai Advanced Safeguards Technique Exercise)  
1978～1981 Development of Safeguards Techniques for Tokai Reprocessing Plant by Japan, US, France, IAEA
- **HSP** (HEXAPARTITE, Hex Partite SG Project)  
1980～1983 Development of safeguards approach for Centrifuge Enrichment Facility by Japan, US, UK, Germany, Holland, Australia, IAEA, EURTAOM
- **LASCAR** (Large Scale Reprocessing Plant Safeguards )  
1988～1992 Technical forum to discuss safeguards approach for large scale reprocessing plant by Japan, US, UK, France, Germany, Holland, Australia, IAEA, EURTAOM

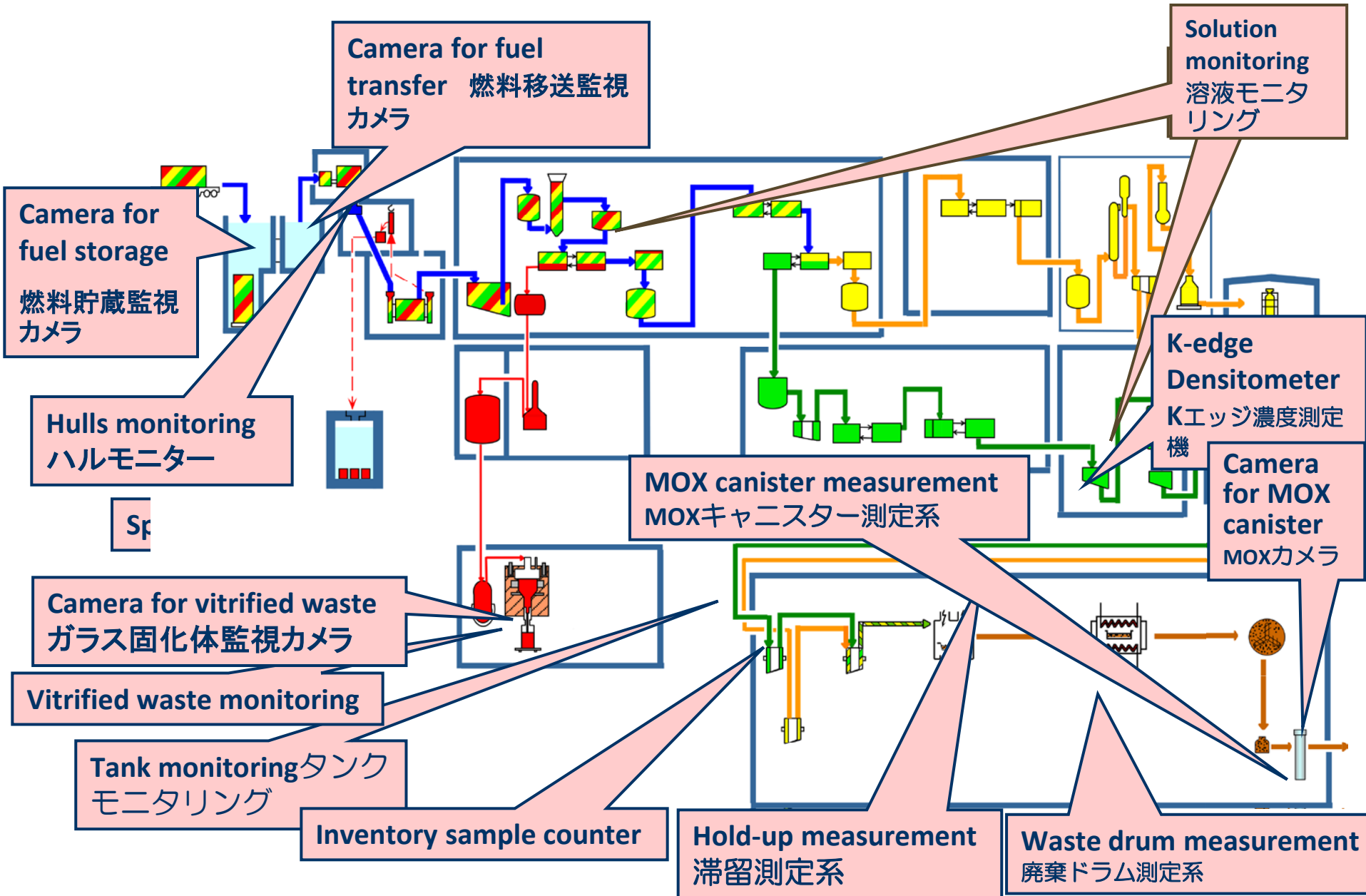
# Development of Safeguards Technologies for Reprocessing Plant

## 再処理に係る保障措置技術開発



# Safeguards Equipment at TRP and PCDF

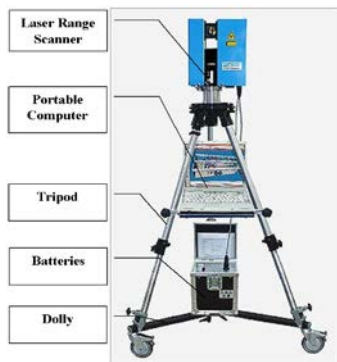
東海再処理施設・プルトニウム転換施設における保障措置機器等



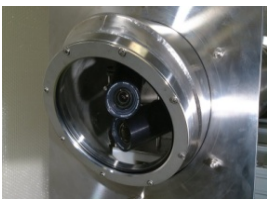
# Safeguards for Rokkasho Reprocessing Plant

## 六ヶ所再処理工場の保障措置

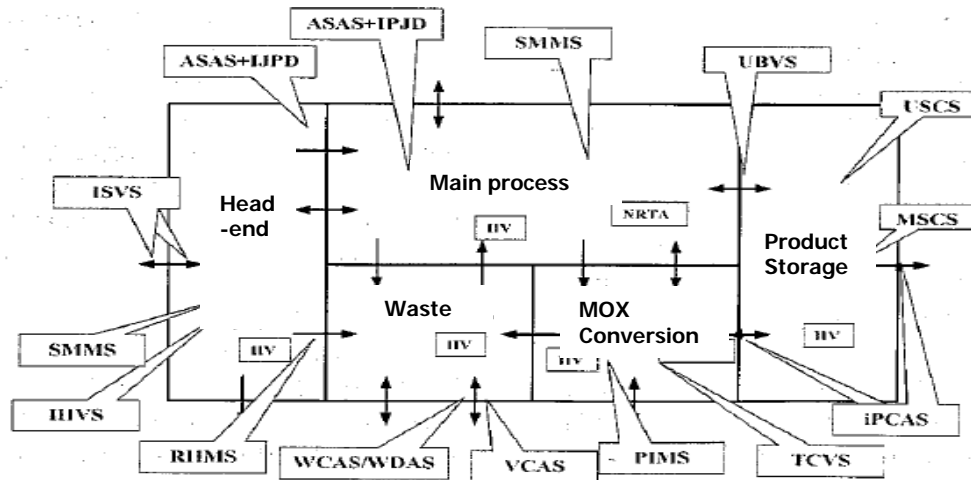
- DIQ/DIV (Design Information Questionnaire /Verification) 設計情報検認
- Dual C/S (Containment / Surveillance; Cameras, Radiation Detectors) 封込め監視
- Process Monitoring (Hull Monitoring, Solution Monitoring, Process Inventory Measurement System etc) プロセスモニター(ハル・溶液移送・プロセス在庫用)
- NRTA (Near Real Time Accountancy) ニア・リアルタイム(近実時間)計量法
- Unattended Mode Inspection, Centralized Collection of Inspection Data 非立会モード査察、中央査察データ集約
- Various NDAs (Non-destructive Assays) さまざまな非破壊測定系
- Advanced Accountancy System 先進的な計量システム
- On-Site-Laboratory (Rapid Verification Measurement) オンサイト査察分析所



3D laser scanning device for DIV



Camera/Radiation of IHVS



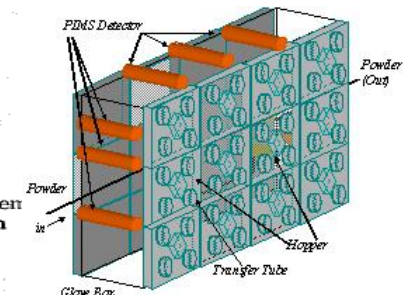
注)

ISVS : Integrated Spent fuel Verification System  
 IHVS : Integrated Head-end Verification System  
 ASAS : Automatic Sampling Authentication System  
 WCAS : Waste Crate Assay System  
 VCAS : Vitrified Canister Assay System  
 TCVS : Temporary Canister Verification System  
 MSCS : MOX Storage C/S System  
 USCS : Uranium Storage C/S System

SMMS : Solution Monitoring and Measurement System  
 RHMS : Rokkasho Hulls Drum Measurement System  
 I J P D : Inspector Jug Passage Detector  
 WDAS : Waste Drum Assay System  
 PIMS : Plutonium Inventory Measurement System  
 iPCAS : Improved Plutonium Canister Assay System  
 UBVS : Uranium Bottle Verification System



On-Site-Laboratory with Automated Sampling System

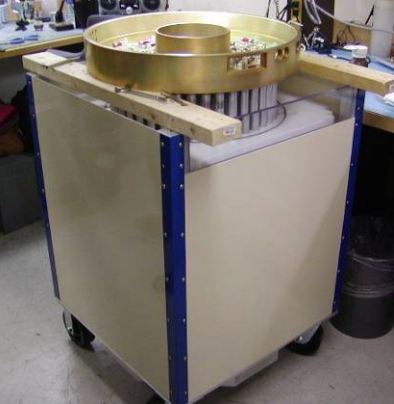


PIMS on Glove Boxes

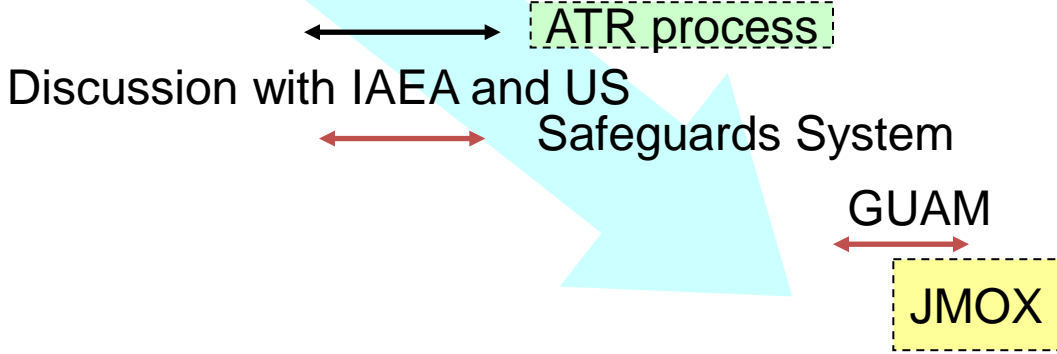
# Development of Safeguards Technologies for MOX Fabrication Facilities

## MOX燃料製造施設に係る保障措置技術開発

1975      1980      1985      1990      1995      2000      2005



ENMC



# Unattended Verification System and Material Accountancy System at JAEA-PFPF

JAEA-プルトニウム燃料製造施設における計量管理システムおよび非立会い検認システム



**SBAS**  
(Hold-up Measurement System 滞留プルトニウム測定システム)



**Advanced Accountancy System 先進計量システム**

**Near Real Time Accountancy 近実時間計量**  
**Non Destructive Assay System 非破壊分析**

**WDAS (Waste Drum Measurement System 廃棄物ドラム測定システム)**

INPUT

Feed Storage

Process

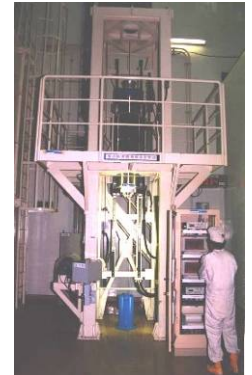
Product Storage

OUTPUT

**FAAS (Fuel Assembly Measurement System 燃料集合体測定システム)**

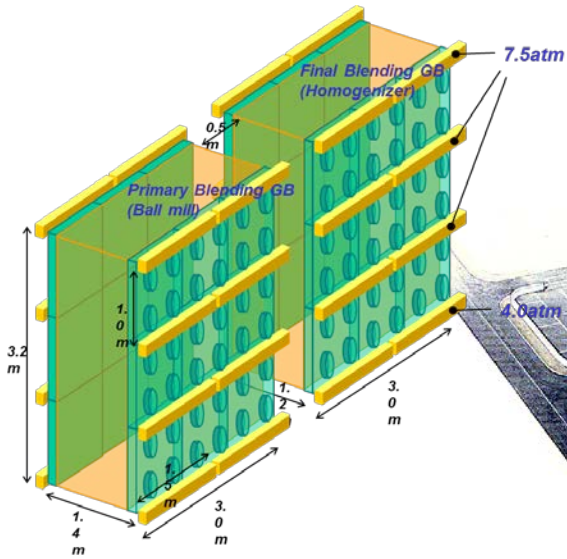
**Advanced Containment and Surveillance Unattended Verification System**  
先進封じ込め監視システム / 非立会い検認

**PCAS**  
(Plutonium Canister Measurement System プルトニウムキャニスター測定システム)



# Further evolution for J-MOX

JMOX施設のための更なる保障措置測定技術の進化

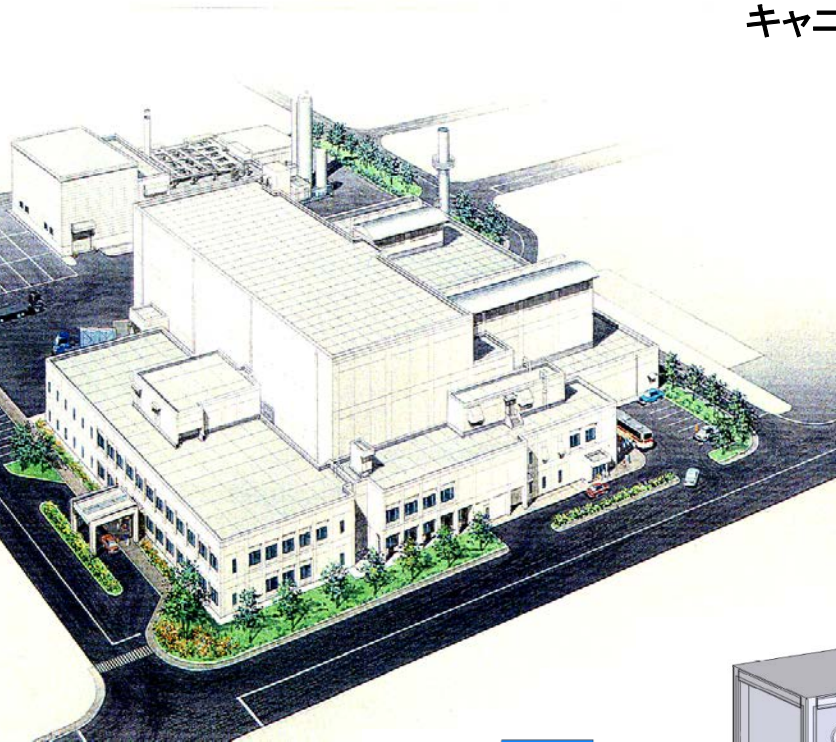


## GUAM

グローブボックス内非立会い測定・モニタリングシステム

- Continuous holdup monitoring for Pu mass
- Also, verifies absence of activity

Another equipment  
AMAGB, FPAS, FAAS etc.



iPCAS (改良プルトニウム  
キャニスター測定システム)

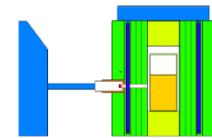
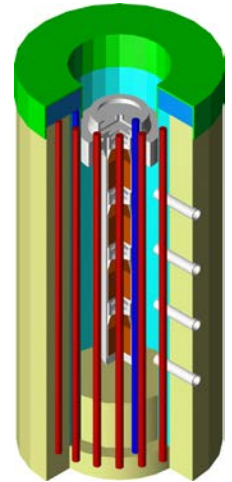
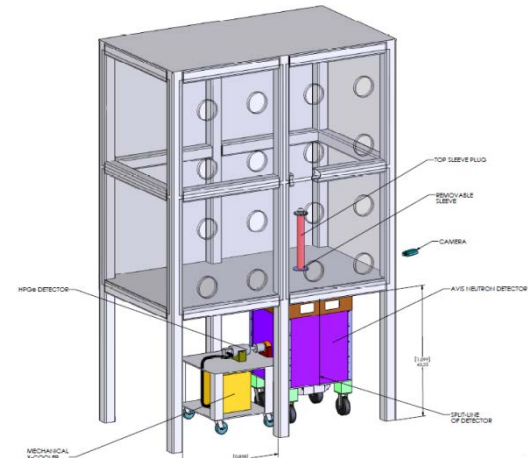
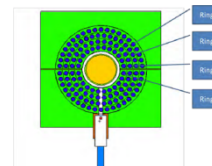


Figure 3 Vertical cross-section of ENMC-DS with large sample



AVIS (先進インベントリー試料検認システム)



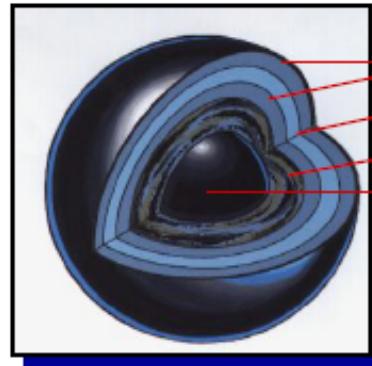
# Potential Techniques for Future Pu Burn/Consumption プルトニウムの非常に高い燃焼/消費の可能性のある技術

Example

## Deep-Burn of TRISO Fuel at HTGR

高温ガス炉によりTRISO燃料を用いた高燃焼

(90 ~ 120 GWD/MT)



Pyrolytic Carbon  
Silicon Carbide or Zirconium Carbide  
Porous Carbon Buffer  
Uranium Oxide or Uranium Oxycarbide

TRISO Coated fuel particles (left) are formed into fuel rods (center) and inserted into graphite fuel elements (right).



Initially charged Pu-239 > 50% (初期Pu239は50%以上)  
Pu-239 at discharge < 10% (最終的Pu239は10%以下)

# Future Needs to Improve Safeguards and Nuclear Nonproliferation Technologies in NFC

## 核燃料サイクルにおける保障措置技術・核不拡散技術改良ニーズ

- Continue to pursue more effective and efficient measurement and C/S systems
- Improvement and more applications of unattended measurement and monitoring technologies
- Develop Proliferation Resistant Fuel Cycle Technologies (PRFCTs) to facilitate long-term Pu management
- SBD for the new PRFCTs
- Maintain and improve quality of operator and inspector's measurement / analysis systems
- Pursue further co-operations in SSAC
- Development of accountancy/safeguards concept and measurement technologies for Fukushima Daiichi Power Plants
  
- より効果的・効率的な測定および封込め監視技術の開発の継続
- 非立会い測定、リモートモニタリング技術の改良と更なる適用拡大
- 長期的観点でのプルトニウム取扱いを容易にする核拡散抵抗性の高い核燃料サイクルの開発
- 施設側/査察側の測定・分析の品質維持向上
- 国内計量管理システムにおける更なる協力
- 福島第一原子力発電所の計量・保障措置の概念および測定技術の開発